Can Chilled Beams Contribute to Green Design?

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Stanley A. Mumma, Ph.D., P.E. Professor Emeritus Penn State University, @ Univ. Park, PA sam11@psu.edu

Web: <u>http://doas-radiant.psu.edu</u>



Areas of Green Design where Chilled Beams may generate points

- Sustainable Sites: not likely
- Water Efficiency: *not likely by themselves*
- Energy and Atmosphere: *yes*
- Materials and Resources: *possibly*
- Indoor Environmental Quality: yes
- Innovation & Design process: possibly

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Attributes gained with the addition of DOAS

- Ventilation performance enhanced significantly
- The enthalpy wheel required by Std. 90.1, for most cases, greatly reduces:
 - Cooling and heating plant sizes (first cost)
 - Energy use and demand (operating cost)
 - Humidification (first and operating costs)
- No air is recirculated, offering distinct benefits with respect to transporting contagious pathogens or other undesirable agents (i.e. CBR) throughout the building.
- Greatly reduces the incidence of mold and other IAQ issues by decoupling the latent and sensible loads.





Where may the points come from when Chilled Beams and DOAS are integrated?

- *Water use reduction*: In some climates the reduced water consumption for humidification can reduce water use by 20%.
- Optimize energy performance: The chilled beam-DOAS system will reduce the energy used by the mechanical system in excess of 50%, so some points would be earned. The extent of points is a function total building energy percent reduction.

Where may the points come from when Chilled Beams and DOAS are integrated?

- Recycled Content: The aluminum, copper and steel in the chilled beams could have recycled content.
- Regional Materials: This will be possible in some cases in the future, when state side manufacturing becomes more common.
- **IEQ**: Up to 5 categories could harvest points:
 - Outdoor air delivery monitoring,
 - Increases ventilation,
 - Zoning for enhanced thermal comfort,
 - Thermal comfort design as a result of controlled temperature, air motion, and humidity.
 - Thermal comfort verification, i.e. no more than 20% dissatisfied. With chilled beams, dissatisfaction runs well below that.

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Conclusion:

- Chilled beams, active or passive, have the potential to generate green design points when used with DOAS to provide the required ventilation.
- Chilled beams represent a significant improvement over currently employed all-air systems in the areas of energy use and demand, IEQ, and they are challenging in the area of first cost.
- Chilled beams, at present, seem to be a little more cost competitive than ceiling radiant cooling panels.
- Unfortunately, ASHRAE literature is silent on the subject.
 - When this short coming is resolved, I expect to see much greater use of chilled beams.



